		1 = 140
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number	r, and address):	
TELEPHONE NO .:	FAX NO.:	
E-MAIL ADDRESS:		
ATTORNEY FOR (Name):		
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF		
STREET ADDRESS:		
MAILING ADDRESS:		
CITY AND ZIP CODE:		
BRANCH NAME:		
PETITIONER:		
RESPONDENT:		
OTHER PARENT/PARTY:		
DECLARATION OF D	DISCLOSURE	CASE NUMBER:
Petitioner's	Preliminary	
	Final	

DO NOT FILE DECLARATIONS OF DISCLOSURE OR FINANCIAL ATTACHMENTS WITH THE COURT

In a dissolution, legal separation, or nullity action, both a preliminary and a final declaration of disclosure must be served on the other party with certain exceptions. Neither disclosure is filed with the court. Instead, a declaration stating that service of disclosure documents was completed or waived must be filed with the court (see form FL-141).

- In summary dissolution cases, each spouse or domestic partner must exchange preliminary disclosures as described in Summary Dissolution Information (form FL-810). Final disclosures are not required (see Family Code section 2109).
- In a default judgment case that is not a stipulated judgment or a judgment based on a marital settlement agreement, only the
 petitioner is required to complete and serve a preliminary declaration of disclosure. A final disclosure is not required of either party
 (see Family Code section 2110).
- Service of preliminary declarations of disclosure may not be waived by an agreement between the parties.
- Parties who agree to waive final declarations of disclosure must file their written agreement with the court (see form FL-144).

The petitioner must serve a preliminary declaration of disclosure at the same time as the Petition or within 60 days of filing the Petition. The respondent must serve a preliminary declaration of disclosure at the same time as the Response or within 60 days of filing the Response. The time periods may be extended by written agreement of the parties or by court order (see Family Code section 2104(f)).

Attached are the following:

1.	A completed Schedule of Assets and Debts (form FL-142) or	A Property Declaration (form FL-160) for (specify):
	Community and Quasi-Community Property	rate Property.

- 2. A completed *Income and Expense Declaration* (form FL-150).
- 3. All tax returns filed by the party in the two years before the date that the party served the disclosure documents.
- 4. A statement of all material facts and information regarding valuation of all assets that are community property or in which the community has an interest (*not a form*).
- 5. A statement of all material facts and information regarding obligations for which the community is liable (not a form).
- 6. An accurate and complete written disclosure of any investment opportunity, business opportunity, or other income-producing opportunity presented since the date of separation that results from any investment, significant business, or other income-producing opportunity from the date of marriage to the date of separation (*not a form*).

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date:

	(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		SIGNATURE	Page 1 of 1
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California FL-140 [Rev. July 1, 2013]	CEB [*] Essential	DECLARATION OF DISCLOSURE		Family Code, §§ 2102, 2104 2105, 2106, 2112
		(Family Law)		www.courts.ca.gov